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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1888.

MARION COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

REPRESENTATIVES.
J. B. WALDO, McMinn.
T. T. GEER, Silverton.
J. Q. WILSON, Salem.
S. LAYMAN, Woodburn.
W. H. ARMSTRONG, South Salem.
SHERIFF.
E. M. CHOBAN, Salem.
CLERK.
F. J. BARBOUR, Salem.
RECORDED.
J. B. STARR, East Salem.
TREASURER.
A. O. CONDIT, Amherst.
ASSESSOR.
A. F. BLACKBERRY, Silverton.
COMMISSIONERS.
A. H. CONNELIUS, Marion.
W. T. GRIM, Hubbard.
SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.
D. W. YODER, Silverton.
SURVEYOR.
W. J. CULVER, East Salem.
COURTIER.
DR. T. C. BYLAND, Woodburn.

BRUSH UP FOR INSPECTION.

It is always the rule when towns and cities invite people in to look over their advantages and cast in their lot, to brush up for inspection. Old tumble-down outbuildings should be removed, fences repaired, the streets cleaned up and put in good condition, and a dress parade style put on. It is no use talking about water power, a fine valley and desirable climate, unless we show a disposition to put those advantages to avail. The condition of Commercial street is not creditable to our community. It has worn into holes which impede traffic, and these soft places, like the poor mentioned in scripture, we have always with us. There has been money enough expended upon that street, in mere patching and filling, to put it permanent repair, but the first rainy spell always brings it back to its former disrepair. Why not try a few inches of macadam? It would cost something, to be sure, but we should then have a surface that would stand wear and tear a while.

A NEW YORK gentleman has thought it necessary to come to the defense of the society ladies of that city. His motives are no doubt good, but his judgment is questionable. There was a story told during the war, that when Gen. Butler issued his famous order, instructing his officers and soldiers what to do with women who insulted them, some indignant women carried a copy of the order to the wife of Gen. Beauregard, and excitedly asked her to read it; that she did quietly read it, and then handing it back, gently asked how any lady could be affected by that order, or what was in it that any lady should be worried about. It is so with real ladies the world over, and they need no defense, except when their names are brought in question. There is no other land where ladies are so revered as in the United States, and the reason of this is that they deserve such reverence.

THE Ellensburg (W. T.) Capital comes to us in blooming shape. Eight pages well filled with "resource" literature, and a well-executed map of the territory, which shows Ellensburg exactly in the center. This geographical location induced the citizens to make a fight for the removal of the capital, but they failed in the first effort, and are now trying to try it again. The proprietor, A. N. Hamilton, has produced a very creditable and attractive issue, and as he has published ten thousand copies, this effective immigration paper will, no way, attract hundreds of home seekers that way.

THE Oregonian informs its readers that the temperance apostle's name is pronounced Stujun to rhyme with Iajun. The intelligent reader might have learned this from Pope years ago, who opens his "Essay on Man" with an address to his friend Bolingbroke, beginning as follows: Awake, my son, John, have all measure things.

To low ambition and the pride of kings,

It is extremely discouraging to those who desire cordial co-operation between employers and employees, to learn that the system established by Mr. Garrett in the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, for an insurance and protective fund is to be abandoned. The men have appealed to the legislature to annul it, and the present managers of the road have concurred, so that at the end of a year the plan will probably have come to an end. It had a perfectly good motive, and was developed in such a way as to make steady and faithful work on the part of the employees distinctly and permanently advantageous to them. But the men objected to what they called the compulsory features of the plan, though there was nothing compulsory, except that those who sought special benefits should show ordinary merit, and the managers were willing to go back to the old system.

The absent minded editor of the New York Voice makes the following candid confession: The shadow of a great misfortune hovers above us. Last week we spoke of the new license fee in New Jersey (from \$100 to \$250) as an average of from two to five cents a day. We did; we can't deny it; the printer didn't do it; the proof-reader wasn't to blame. We did it, and now some sarcastic individual wishes to know whether we use a Volapuk arithmetic. No, we don't. We carefully reckoned that \$100 to \$250 a year would be in round numbers from two to five dollars a week, and after reaching this triumph of mathematical skill, we carefully wrote it down from two to five cents a day! We console ourselves with the thought that the error was so glaring it could have misled no one.

More than usual interest is felt in our state election, because upon its result depends the political complexion of the United States senate. That body as now constituted consists of 39 republicans and 37 democrats. The substitution of one republican senator by a democrat would make a tie, while a change of two would reverse the present position. Senator Dolph's term will expire with the present congress, March next, while Senator Mitchell's term will last two years longer. The legislature to be elected next June, will choose a successor to the senator first named, and the strife will be keen in determining this question. It is only necessary for republicans to be true to their party, and exercise becoming vigilance in protecting their interest.

It would be better for congress to pass a general law regarding pensions to the widows of great soldiers, who on the field earned the gratitude of the country, than to make the proposition a pretext for an unpleasant partisan wrangle every time it is brought up. Certainly it required no debate to enable congressmen to determine whether or not it was right for this nation to pay a part of the debt it owes the dead Gen. Logan to his widow. Men forget how his sombre face shone under a battle canopy, or they would not seek to disturb the quiet in which he is now enfolded, with jarring partisan disputes. It is unseemly to break in on this quiet with bickerings and strife.

THAT virulent personal attack on James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald, written by Jay Gould, was published in all the New York morning papers except the Times. The Herald itself printed the letter in order to show its contempt for him. The Times reads its contemporaries this severe lesson: The Sun, Tribune, World and Star had no such motive or excuse; and in giving space to a man of Gould's monstrous iniquities to attack a member of their own craft they fixed a standard of debasement which "Judas" and "Ananias," though animated by more than their present detestation of each other, will strive in vain to reach.

IS IT A fact that Warden McKinnon has notified the employees in the penitentiary that they must pay an assessment for campaign purposes? We hear there is vigorous kicking in that penal abode, but the victims are in that unpleasant position that they must either pay up or step out. John F. Irish is here, charged with a national mission by the illustrious Grover. He cannot carry on the campaign without money, and his policy seems to be copied from that of the great Napoleon, whose rule it was to make the war support itself. But, with this example before us, how about reform in politics?

In Baker City last week, Miller & Carter sold to Williamson & Rogers, of La Grande, twenty steers, the aggregate weight of which was 30,250 pounds, an average weight of 1512 lbs each. Carter & Miller have 35 head more of the same quality of cattle. It would be hard for the corn raising states to beat this record.

The Roseburg Review complains of the acts of vandalism of a number of boys of that town, and adds: Now some of these fine mornings the parents of some of these boys will be made to feel rather bad when their boys are arrested, their names published in the newspapers, and they are called upon to pay costs and damages. Someone had better look a little out.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Or the county clerk of Marion county, state of Oregon, showing the amount and number of claims allowed by the county court of said county, for what allowed, amount of warrants drawn, and amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid, from the first day of October, 1887, to the thirty-first day of March, 1888, both inclusive:

On what Account Allowed.	No. of claims allowed.	Amount of claims allowed.
March 31—Roads and bridges	100	\$8548.80
Paupers	175	3441.00
Criminals	58	2290.00
Stationery	23	611.00
Court house and jail	56	1255.15
Clerk's office	6	2005.75
Sheriff's office	6	1812.23
Military	14	420.00
Bailiffs	6	117.00
School superintendent and board of examiners	15	507.50
County judge's office	5	480.00
County commissioners	69	1290.00
Supervisors of roads	51	201.04
Insane	74	797.00
Police	36	85.00
Coroner	4	333.31
County treasurer's office	40	157.00
Seal bounty	2	109.00
Assessor's office	129	884.20
Election	2	35.00
District attorney	11	128.40
Tax rebate	2	15.61
Stock inspector		
Total amount claims allowed and drawn		\$29,722.54

Amount of Outstanding Warrants Unpaid.

Principal.

March 31—Outstanding unpaid co. warrants on the 31st day of March, 1888.	\$26,590.59
Estimated interest accrued thereon	1300.00
Total amount of unpaid county warrants	\$27,890.59

NOTE.—The above account embraces warrants drawn since March 31, 1887. Some small warrants are out drawn back as far as ten years, never presented for payment.

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF MARION—SS.
I, M. N. Chapman, county clerk of the county of Marion, state of Oregon, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the number and amount of claims allowed by the county court of said county, for the six months ending on the 31st day of March, 1888, and the amount of warrants outstanding and unpaid as the same appear upon the records of my office in my official capacity.

Witness my hand and the seal of the county court of said county this 10th day of April, A. D. 1888.

M. N. CHAPMAN, County Clerk.

Semi-Annual Statement

Of the amount of money and warrants received for taxes, and money paid to the county treasurer by the sheriff of Marion county, Oregon, for the six months ending on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1888:

To Amount Received.	During the Months of
	December January February March
1887 & 1888—In coin and currency	\$1113.20 \$1200.00 \$2000.00 \$7000.00
Total received	\$1113.20 \$1200.00 \$2000.00 \$7000.00
By Amounts Paid.	During the Months of
	December January February March
1887 & 1888—To county treasurer	\$1113.20 \$1200.00 \$2000.00 \$7000.00
Total paid treasurer	\$1113.20 \$1200.00 \$2000.00 \$7000.00

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF MARION—SS.
I, Jno. W. Minto, sheriff of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

Witness my hand this 9th day of April, A. D. 1888.

JNO. W. MINTO,
Sheriff of Marion county.

Semi-Annual Statement

Of the county treasurer of Marion county, Oregon, for the six months ending on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1888, of money received and paid out, from whom received and from what source, and on what account paid out:

Amounts Received.	From what Source Rec'd	General Fund.	School Fund.
Oct. 1—To amount on hand from last report		\$2550.27	\$4682.72
March 31—To amounts received from J. W. Minto	Taxes	7829.65	27586.53
	License	\$60.00	
	T. B. Patton	558.20	21.51
	M. N. Chapman	49.00	
	J. W. Minto	49.00	
	F. M. Hendrie	49.00	
	Other persons	49.00	
	J. A. Peebles Institute Fund	49.00	
Totals		\$77.00	\$82,750.72
Amounts Paid Out			
Gen. Fund.			
School Fund.			
March 31—By amount paid out on county warrants		\$2100.14	
By amount paid state of Oregon		3200.61	
By balance general fund on hand		2849.94	
By school fund on hand			3118.28
By institute fund on hand		877.00	
Totals		\$77.00	\$82,750.72
			\$82,750.72

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF MARION—SS.

of the amounts received, paid out and remaining on hand, in the county treasury of said county for the six months ending on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1888.

Witness my hand this 9th day of April, A. D. 1888.

AUGUST GIESY,

County Treasurer.

Semi-Annual Sum'ry Statement

Of the financial condition of the county of Marion, in the state of Oregon, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1888.

Liabilities.	Amount.

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